



ECComBeam

Composite Beam Design

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Job : Sample Report

1.0 INPUT

1.1 Design Options

Design Code	American Standard LRFD
Unit	SI Unit
Composite Design	No
Shored During Construction	Yes

1.2 Beam

Beam Type	Primary
Beam location	Intermediate
Span	L = 8 m
Beam Spacing	b = 2.5 m

1.3 Deck and Slab Details

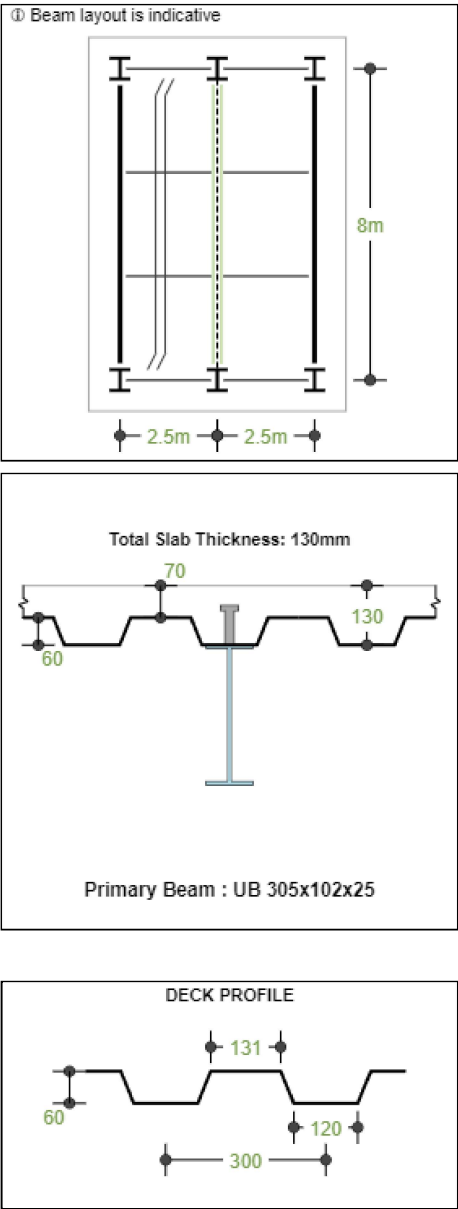
Deck Ribbs Orientation	Longitudinal
Total Slab Depth	D _s = 130 mm
Mesh Area (Reinf.)	A _m = 193 mm ² /m
Deck Depth	t = 60 mm
Trough Spacing	T _{rs} = 300 mm
Trough Width	T _{rw} = 120 mm
Crest Width	C _{rw} = 131 mm
Deck Thickness	t _d = 0.9 mm
Deck Weight	W _d = 0.103 kN/m ²
Deck Area	A _d = 1276 mm ²

1.4 Concrete Properties

Concrete Type	Normal Weight
Wet density of concrete	w _{cw} = 25.5 kN/m ³
Dry density of concrete	w _{cd} = 24.5 kN/m ³
Characteristic Strength	f _{cu} = 30 N/mm ²
Longterm Modulus Reduction	L _{Rec} = 50 %

1.5 Steel Properties

Steel Grade	F _b = A36
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Yield strength of Steel	F_y	=	248 N/mm ²
Strength of Reinforcement	f_{yr}	=	420 N/mm ²
Tensile Strength of Stud	f_u	=	460 N/mm ²

1.6 Loads and Combinations

1.6.1 Construction Stage

1.6.1.1 Loads

Load No	Description	Load Case	Load Type	Start Intensity	End Intensity	Start Location (m)	End Location (m)
L1	Ponding	Dead	UN-Area	0.5 kN/m ²		Uniform	
L2	Construction	Live	UN-Area	1 kN/m ²		Uniform	

1.6.1.2 Service Combinations

No	Combination
SLS1	Dead
SLS2	Dead + Live

1.6.1.3 Ultimate Combinations

No	Combination
ULS1	1.4Dead
ULS2	1.2Dead + 1.6Live

1.6.2 Final Stage

1.6.2.1 Loads

Load No	Description	Load Case	Load Type	Start Intensity	End Intensity	Start Location (m)	End Location (m)
L1	Floor Finish	Dead	UN-Area	2 kN/m ²		Uniform	
L2	Live	Live	UN-Area	5 kN/m ²		Uniform	

1.6.2.2 Service Combinations

No	Combination
SLS1	Dead
SLS2	Dead + Live
*SLS3	Dead + 0.75Live
* Checked for long term deflection	

1.6.2.3 Ultimate Combinations

No	Combination
ULS1	1.4Dead

No	Combination
ULS2	1.2Dead + 1.6Live

2.0 OUTPUT

REF: ANSI/AISC 360-05 (*ACI 318-19)

2.1 Selfweight Calculations

Steel Beam selfweight

M

= 0.243 kN/m

Average Concrete Thickness for Selfweight

$ED_s = ((T_{rw} + C_{rw})/2.0 * t) / T_{rs} + (D_s - t) = 95.1 \text{ mm}$

Selfweight including Concrete and Deck Sheet - Construction Stage

$S_{wc} = M + b * (W_d + w_{cw} * ED_s) = 6.563 \text{ kN/m}$

Selfweight including Concrete and Deck Sheet - Final Stage

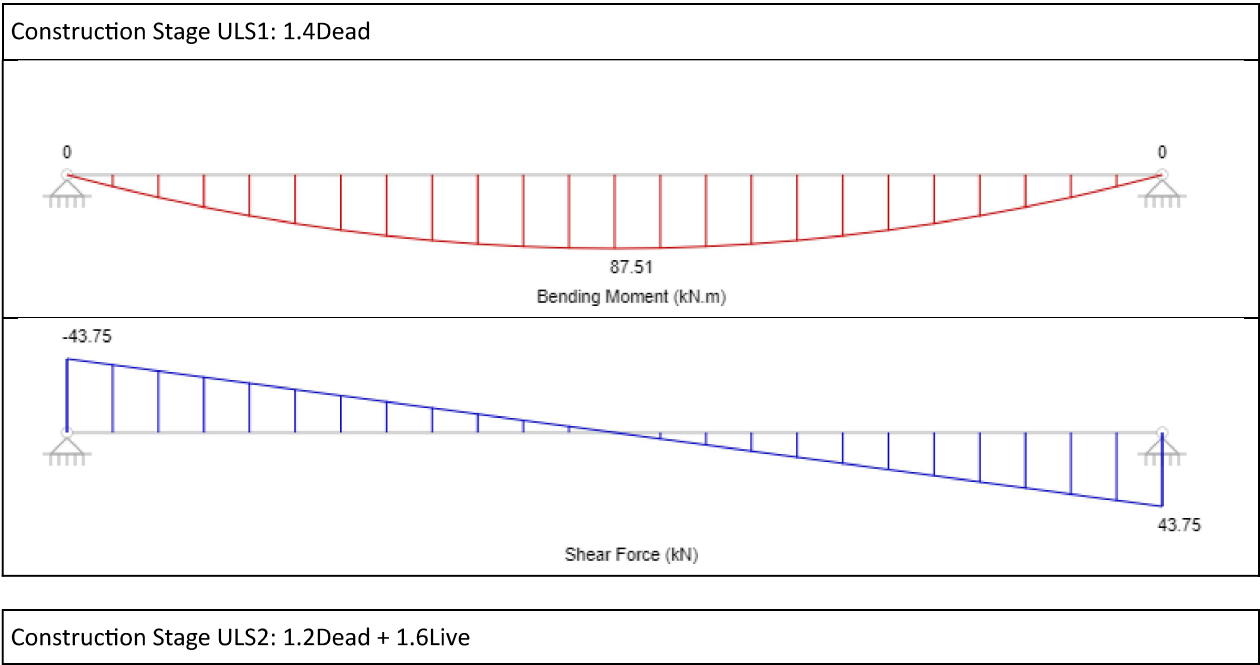
$S_{wf} = M + b * (W_d + w_{cd} * ED_s) = 6.33 \text{ kN/m}$

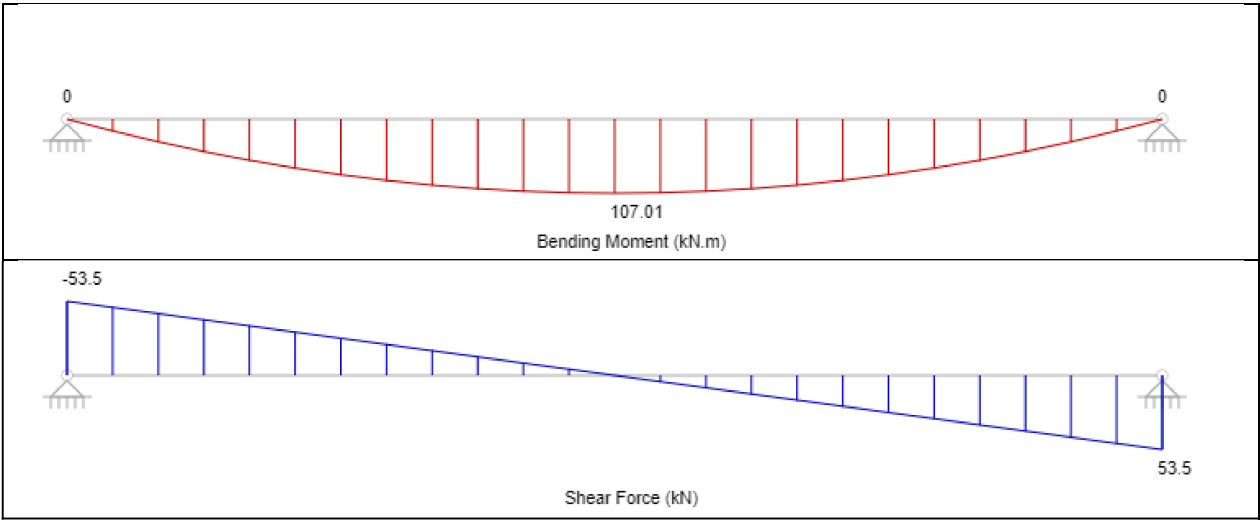
Note: The selfweight is added to the 'Dead' load cases.

2.2 Beam Analysis and Design Forces

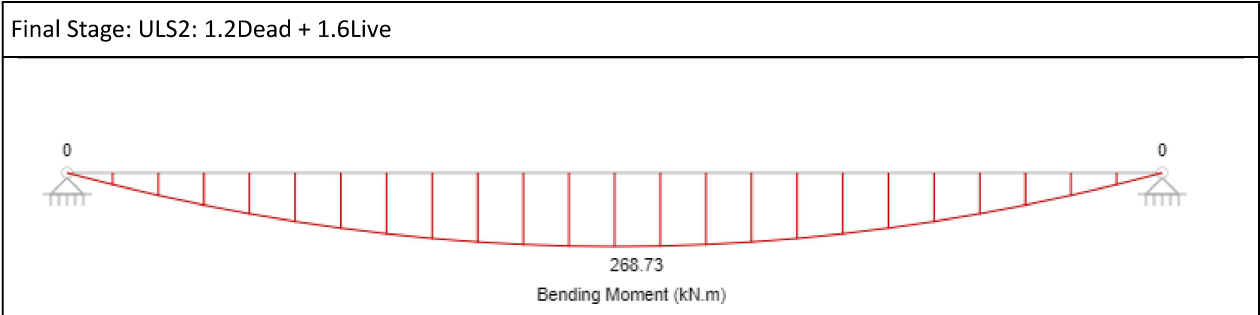
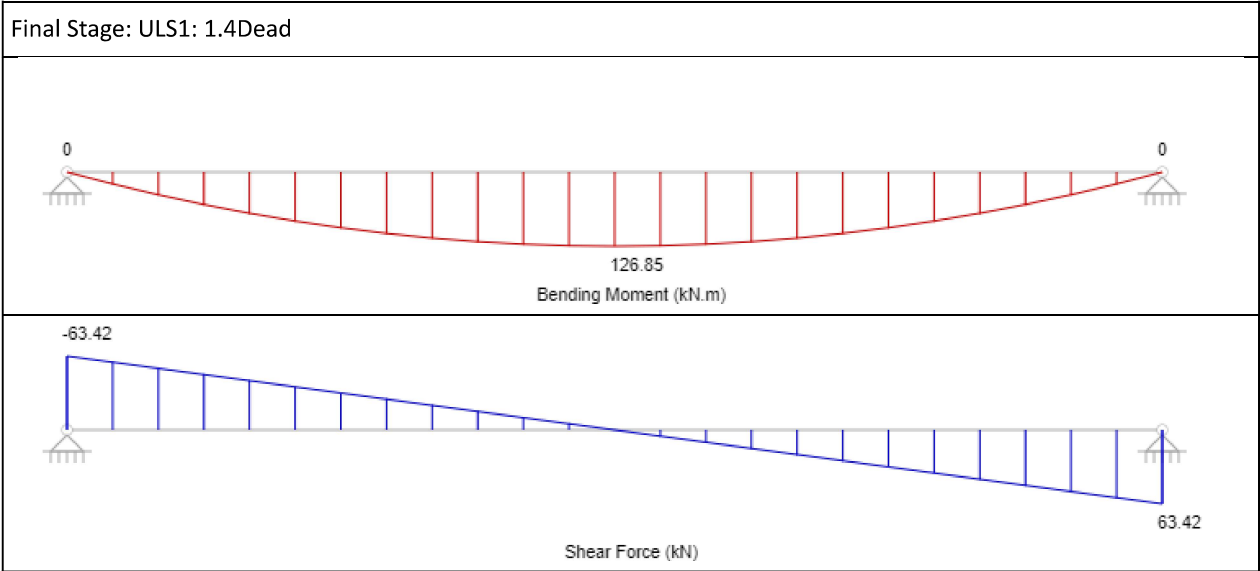
i Beam analysis is carried out using stiffness matrix method for the applied loads and its combinations.

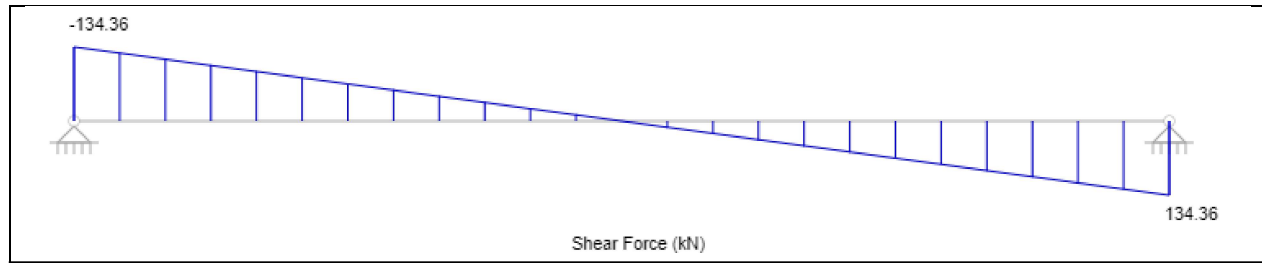
2.2.1 Beam Analysis at Construction Stage





2.2.2 Beam Analysis at Final Stage





2.3 Section Classification

2.3.1 Steel Section Table Properties

UB 305x102x25							
Mass A (kN/m)	Area A (mm ²)	Depth d (mm)	Web Thick t _w (mm)	Flange Thick t _f (mm)	Flange Width b _f (mm)	Root radius r (mm)	Web depth h (mm)
0.24	3160	305.1	5.8	7	101.6	7.6	275.9

Moment Inertia (mm ⁴)		Plastic Modulus (mm ³)		Elastic Modulus (mm ³)		Torsional Constant J (mm ⁴)	Warping Constant C _w (mm ⁶)
I _x	I _y	Z _x	Z _y	S _x	S _y	J (mm ⁴)	C _w (mm ⁶)
4.46 x 10 ⁷	1.23 x 10 ⁶	3.42 x 10 ⁵	38800.0	2.92 x 10 ⁵	24200.0		

2.3.2 Steel Beam Section Classification

Elastic Modulus of Steel	E	=	2.0 x 10 ⁵ N/mm ²	
Flange Width to thickness ratio	λ _f	=	B / (2 * T) = 7.26	
- Limiting ratio for Compact Section	λ _{pf}	=	0.38 * √(E _s / F _y) = 10.79	Table B4.1
- Limiting ratio for Non-Compact Section	λ _{rf}	=	√(E _s / F _y) = 28.4 (Flange is Compact)	
Web Depth to thickness ratio	λ _w	=	h / t _w = 47.57	
- Limiting ratio for Compact Section	λ _{pw}	=	3.76 * √(E _s / F _y) = 106.78	
- Limiting ratio for Non-Compact Section	λ _{rw}	=	5.7 * √(E _s / F _y) = 161.87 (Web is Compact)	

2.4 Construction Stage (Precomposite) Design

2.4.1 Strength Check for flexure

Plastic Moment for Steel Section	M _p	=	F _y * Z _x = 84.8 kN.m	(F2-1)
Nominal Strength for Compact Flange	M _{nf}	=	M _p = 84.8 kN.m	(F3-1)

2.4.2 Lateral Buckling Resistance

Buckling Length as defined	L _b	=	2.67 m [Restraint At Secondary]	
Limiting length for Yielding	L _p	=	1.76 r _y √(E / F _y) = 0.99 m	(F2-5)
Shape factor for I section	c	=	1.0	(F2-8a)
Distance between flange centroids	h _o	=	d - t _f = 293.0 mm	(F2-6)
Effective radius of gyration	r _{ts}	=	25.0 mm { r _{ts} ² = √(I _y C _w / S _x) }	(F2-7)
Limiting length for inelastic buckling	L _r	=	1.95 r _{ts} √(E / (0.7 F _y)) √(Jc / (S _x h _o)) √(1 + √(1 + 6.76 ((0.7 F _y S _x h _o) / (E Jc)) ²))	(F2-6)

$$= 3.01 \text{ m}$$

Unbraced (m)	Unbraced Segment Moments (kN.m)				C _b	M _{nl} [*] (kN.m)	M _n ^{**} (kN.m)	M _d = φ _b M _n (kN.m)	Uratio M _{max} / M _d
	M _A	M _B	M _C	M _{max}					
1.4Dead									
0.0 - 2.67	26.7	48.6	65.6	77.8	1.46	82.3	82.3	74.1	1.05
2.67 - 5.34	86.0	87.2	83.6	87.5	1.02	57.3	57.3	51.6	1.697
5.34 - 8.01	61.7	43.5	20.4	72.3	1.5	84.8	84.8	76.3	0.947
1.2Dead + 1.6Live									
0.0 - 2.67	32.7	59.4	80.3	95.1	1.46	82.3	82.3	74.1	1.284
2.67 - 5.34	105.2	106.6	102.2	107.0	1.02	57.3	57.3	51.6	2.075
5.34 - 8.01	75.4	53.1	24.9	88.4	1.5	84.8	84.8	76.3	1.158

$$C_b = \frac{12.5M_{max}}{2.5M_{max} + 3M_A + 4M_B + 3M_C} R_m \leq 3.0 \{R_m = 1.0 \text{ for double symmetry section}\} \quad (F1-1)$$

$$* M_{nl} = C_b \left[M_p - (M_p - 0.7F_y S_x) \left(\frac{L_b - L_p}{L_r - L_p} \right) \right] \leq M_p \text{ since } L_p < L_b \leq L_r \quad (F2-2)$$

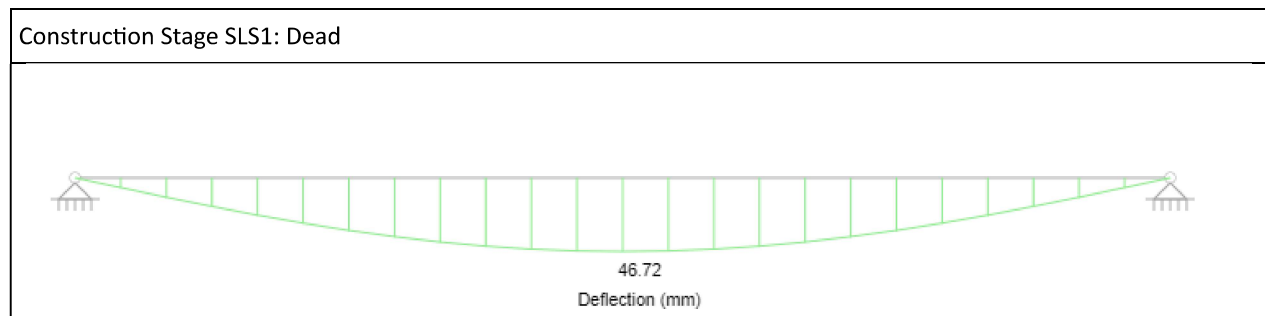
$$** M_n = \min(M_{nf}, M_{nl}) \quad F3 (1)$$

2.4.3 Strength Check for Shear

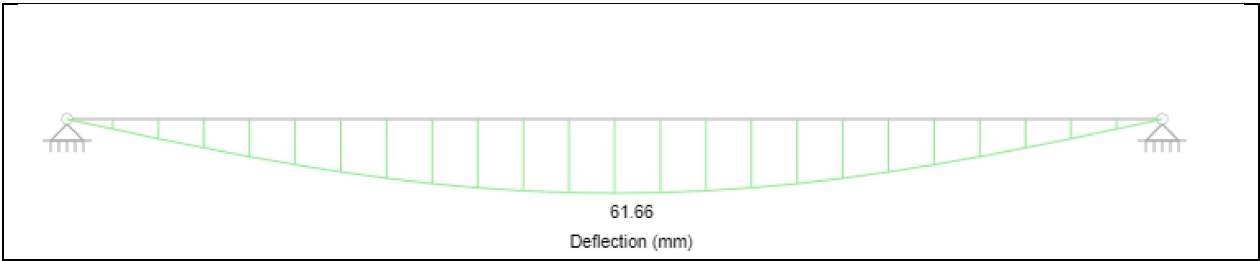
Web Area	$A_w = d * t_w = 1769.6 \text{ mm}^2$	
Web Shear Coefficient	$C_v = 1.0 \{ \text{since } \lambda_w = h/t_w \leq 2.24 * \sqrt{\frac{E}{F_y}} = 63.61 \}$	(G2-2)
Nominal Shear Strength	$V_n = 0.6 * F_y * A_w * C_v = 263.3 \text{ kN}$	(G2-1)
Available Shear Strength	$\phi_v V_n = 263.3 \text{ kN} \{ \phi_v = 1.0 \}$	
Maximum Design Shear force from analysis	$V_{max} = 53.5 \text{ kN (Comb: ULS 2)}$	
Design Ratio	$U_{ratio} = 0.203$	

2.4.4 Deflection Check

i Beam analysis is carried out using stiffness matrix method for the load combinations at service stage. The moment of inertia is I_x of the steel section is used for the deflection calculation.



Construction Stage SLS2: Dead + Live

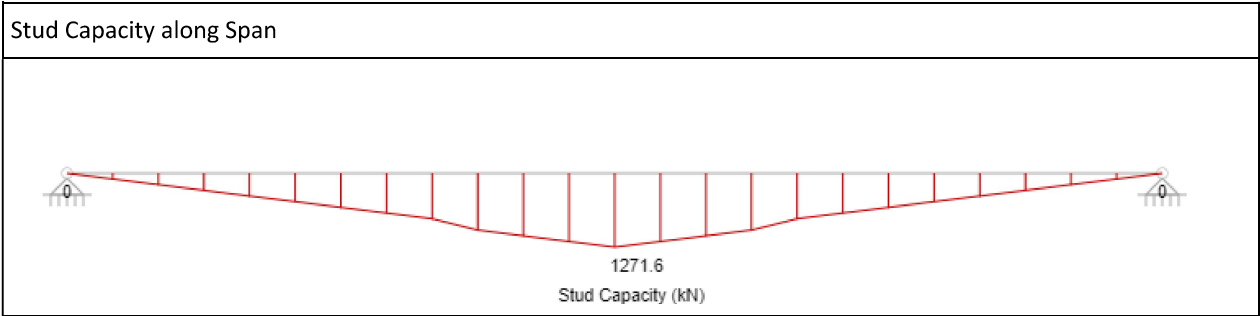


Deflection	$\Delta_{\text{Allowable}}$ (mm)	Δ_{actual} (mm)	Ratio	Status
SLS 1	22.2 (L/360)	46.7 (L/171.2)	2.102	Fail
SLS 2	30.8 (L/260)	61.7 (L/129.7)	2.004	Fail

2.5 Final Stage (Composite) Design

2.5.1 Elastic Properties of Composite Section

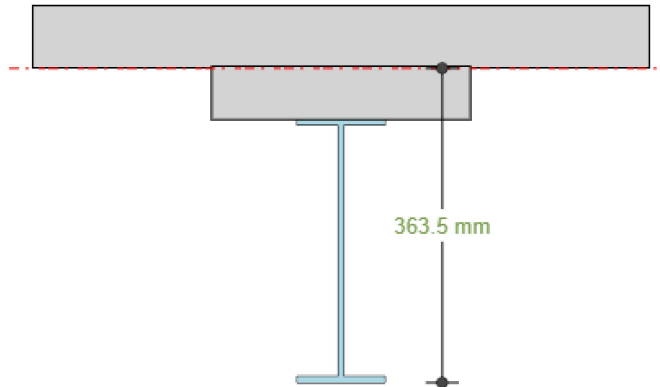
Effective Width	$b_{\text{eff}} = \text{Min}(b, L/4) = \mathbf{2000.0 \text{ mm}}$
Top Slab Thickness	$t_c = D_s - t = \mathbf{70.0 \text{ mm}}$
Concrete Area of the Top slab	$C_{\text{as}} = b_{\text{eff}} * t_c = \mathbf{140000.0 \text{ mm}^2}$
Average Width of the Metal Deck Rib	$W_{\text{ar}} = (T_{\text{rw}} + C_{\text{rw}}) / 2 = \mathbf{125.5 \text{ mm}}$
Total Width of the Metal Deck Rib	$T_{\text{wr}} = (W_{\text{ar}} / T_{\text{rs}}) * b_{\text{eff}} = \mathbf{836.7 \text{ mm}}$
Concrete Area within Metal Rib	$C_{\text{ar}} = T_{\text{wr}} * t = \mathbf{50200.0 \text{ mm}^2}$
Total Concrete Sectional Area	$C_{\text{at}} = C_{\text{as}} + C_{\text{ar}} = \mathbf{190200.0 \text{ mm}^2}$
Total Compression in Concrete	$F_{\text{cc}} = C_{\text{at}} * 0.85 * f_{\text{cu}} = \mathbf{4850.1 \text{ kN}}$
Total Tension in Steel	$F_{\text{ts}} = A_s * F_y = \mathbf{783.7 \text{ kN}}$
Critical Resistance	$C_{\text{rr}} = \text{Min}(F_{\text{cc}}, F_{\text{ts}}) = \mathbf{783.7 \text{ kN}}$
---Stud Capacity Calculation Upto Mid Span---	
Stud Area	$A_s = \pi * S_d^2 / 4 = \mathbf{283.5 \text{ mm}^2}$
Midspan Studs Count Upto Center	$N_{\text{ms}} = \mathbf{13}$
Deck Orientation Factor (Longitudinal)	$R_p = \mathbf{0.75}$
Midspan Stud Group Factor	$R_g = \mathbf{1.0}$
	$Q_1 = 0.5 * A_s * \sqrt{f_{\text{cu}} * E_c} = \mathbf{124.6 \text{ kN}}$
	$Q_2 = R_g * R_p * A_s * f_u = \mathbf{97.8 \text{ kN}}$
	$Q_n = \text{Min}(Q_1, Q_2) = \mathbf{97.8 \text{ kN}}$
Stud Capacity Upto Midspan	$S_{\text{cm}} = N_s * N_{\text{ms}} * Q_n = \mathbf{1271.6 \text{ kN}}$



---Short Term---		
Modulus of Concrete	$E_c = 4700 * \sqrt{f_{\text{cu}}} = \mathbf{25743.0 \text{ N/mm}^2}$	*Eq.19.2.2.1

Steel Concrete Modular Ratio	$m = E_s / E_c = 7.77$	
Elastic Neutral Axis from Bottom	ENA = 363.49 mm { By Iteration }	
Transformed Moment of Inertia	$I_{tr} = 2.188 \times 10^8 \text{ mm}^4$	
Effective Moment of Inertia	$I_{eff} = 0.75 (I_x + \sqrt{ \text{Min}(S_{cm,C}) / C_{rr} }) * (I_{tr} - I_x)$ = $1.641 \times 10^8 \text{ mm}^4$	C-13-3

❗ The concrete portion if any below the neutral axis is ignored for property calculation.



---Long Term---

Modulus of Concrete	$E_{cl} = (1 - LR_{ec}/100) * E_c = 12871.5 \text{ N/mm}^2$	
Steel Concrete Modular Ratio	$m_l = E_s / E_{cl} = 15.54$	
Elastic Neutral Axis from Bottom	ENAI = 338.1 mm { By Iteration }	
Transformed Moment of Inertia	$I_{trl} = 1.998 \times 10^8 \text{ mm}^4$	
Effective Moment of Inertia	$I_{effl} = 0.75 (I_x + \sqrt{ \text{Min}(S_{cm,C}) / C_{rr} }) * (I_{trl} - I_x)$ = $1.498 \times 10^8 \text{ mm}^4$	C-13-3

2.5.2 Plastic Properties of Composite Section

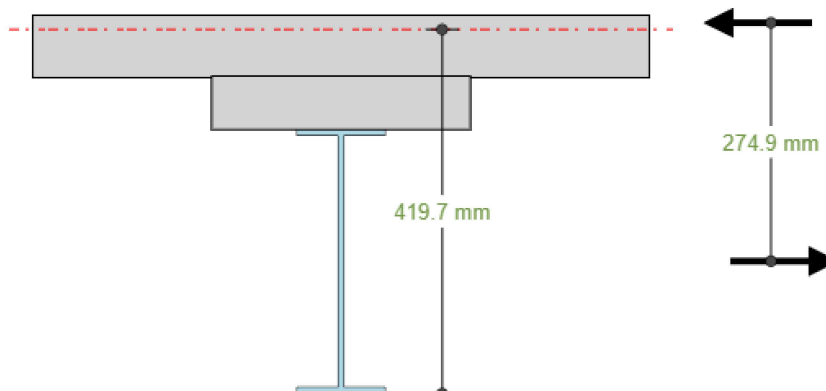
Note: Plastic properties varies along the span due to the variation of stud capacity along the span. The calculation is presented for the plastic property at mid span.

Plastic Neutral Axis	PNA = 419.7 mm {By iteration}
Concrete Plastic Compression	$P_c = 783.7 \text{ kN}$

❗ Since the compression on the concrete side (Limited by the Stud Capacity) is more than the Tension Capacity of the Steel Section, the plastic neutral axis is inside the concrete section.

Steel Plastic Tension	$P_t = 783.7 \text{ kN}$
Leverarm Between Compression and Tension	$L_r = 274.9 \text{ mm}$
Plastic Moment Capacity	$M_{np} = P_c * L_r = 215.4 \text{ kN.m}$

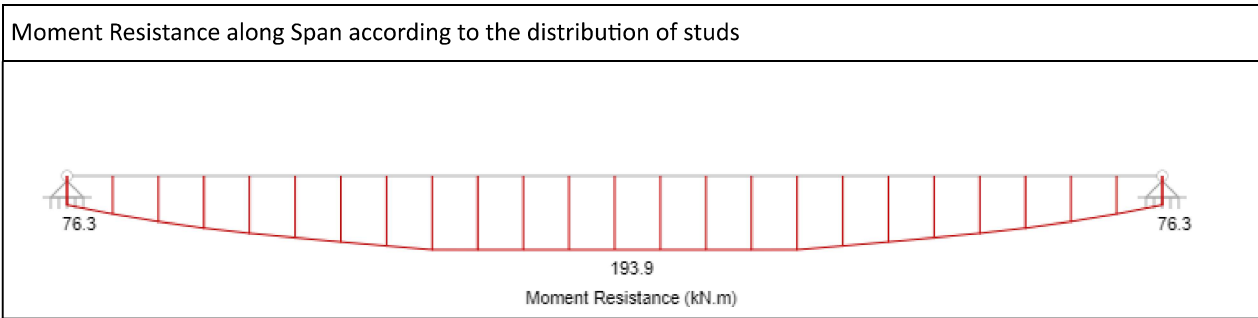
❗ The concrete portion if any below the neutral axis is ignored for property calculation.



2.5.2.1 Strength Check for Flexure

Available Moment Resistance

$\phi_b M_{np} = 193.9 \text{ kN.m } \{ \phi_b = 0.9 \}$



Critical Total Moment from Analysis

$M_c = 268.7 \text{ kN.m } \{ \text{Comb: ULS 2 @ 4.0 m} \}$

Selfweight Moment Component

$M_{c1} = 60.7 \text{ kN.m}$

Moment Component (Without Selfweight)

$M_{c2} = 208.0 \text{ kN.m}$

Moment Resistance (PreComposite)

$M_{r1} = \phi M_{nf} = 76.3 \text{ kN.m}$

Moment Resistance at critical point (PostComposite)

$M_{r2} = 193.9 \text{ kN.m}$

Design Ratio

$= M_{c1} / M_{r1} + M_{c2} / M_{r2} = 1.868$

Note: The critical moment is not necessarily the maximum moment. It depends on the moment/capacity ratio along the span. The capacity varies according to the distribution of the studs.

2.5.2.2 Strength Check for Shear

Note: Concrete portion is not considered to contribute to the shear strength.

Available Shear Strength

$\phi_v V_n = 263.3 \text{ kN } \{ \text{Same as Construction stage} \}$

Maximum Design Shear force from analysis

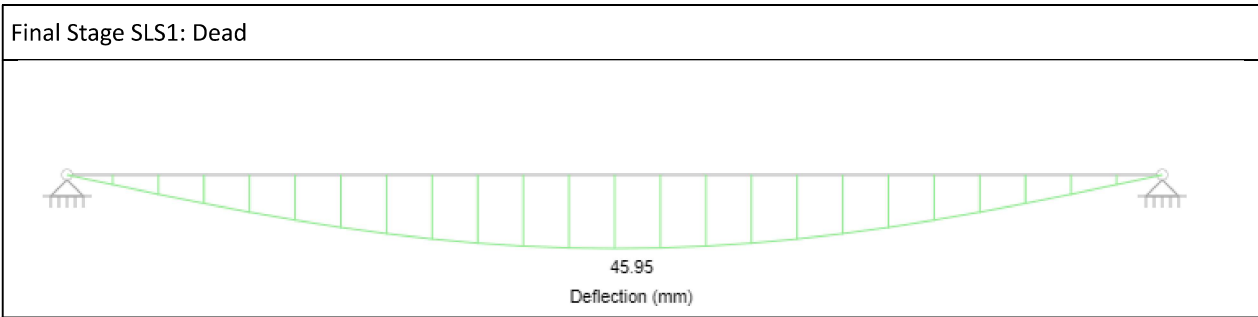
$V_{max} = 134.4 \text{ kN } (\text{Comb: ULS 2})$

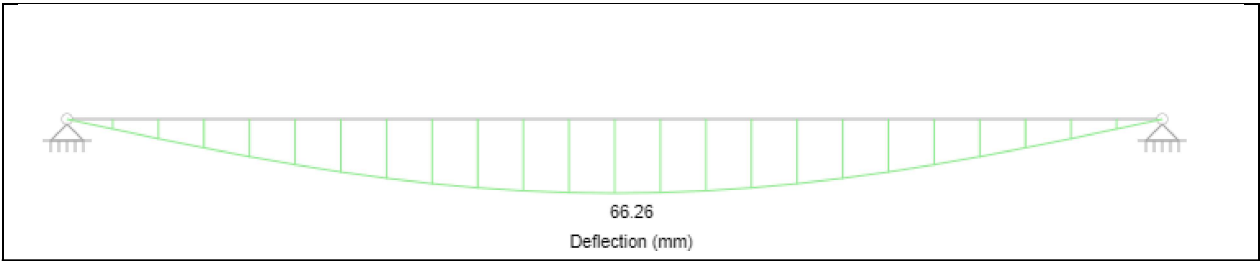
Design Ratio

$U_{ratio} = 0.51$

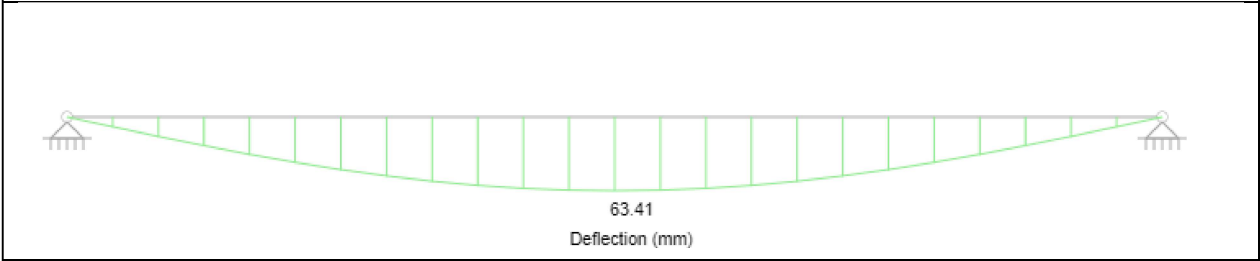
2.5.3 Deflection Check

i Beam analysis is carried out using stiffness matrix method for the load combinations at service stage. The moment of inertia is I_{eff} for short term deflection and the moment of inertia is I_{eff} for long term deflection calculation. The moment of Inertia I_x of the steel section is used for the selfweight (Deflection prior to composite action).





Final Stage SLS3*: Dead + 0.75Live {**Long Term**}



Deflection	$\Delta_{\text{Allowable}}$ (mm)	Δ_{actual} (mm)	Ratio	Status
SLS 1	22.2 (L/360)	45.9 (L/174.1)	2.068	Fail
SLS 2	30.8 (L/260)	66.3 (L/120.7)	2.153	Fail
SLS 3* {Long Term}	30.8 (L/260)	63.4 (L/126.2)	2.061	Fail

3.0 SUMMARY

3.1 Section Classification

Description	λ	λ_p	λ_r	Result	Status
Flange	7.26	10.79	28.4	Compact	Pass
Web	47.57	106.78	161.87	Compact	Pass

Note:

λ Width to thickness ratio

λ_p Limiting width to thickness ratio for Compact section

λ_r Limiting width to thickness ratio for Non-Compact section

3.2 Construction Stage (Precomposite)

3.2.1 Construction Stage Design check

	Load Combination	Allowable	Actual	Status
Moment (kN.m)	ULS 2	74.1	107.0	Fail
Shear (kN)	ULS 2	263.3	53.5	Pass
Deflection (mm)	SLS 1	22.2 (L/360)	46.7 (L/171.2)	Fail

3.3 Final Stage (Composite) design check

3.3.1 Composite Components Capacities

Components	Capacity (kN)
Total Concrete Compression	4850.1
Cumulative Stud Capacity upto Center	1271.6
Steel Section	783.7

3.3.2 Final Stage Design Check

	Combination	Allowable	Actual	Status
Moment due to selfweight (kN.m)	ULS 2	76.3	60.7	Pass
Moment without selfweight (kN.m)	ULS 2	193.9	208.0	Pass
Moment Interaction Ratio	ULS 2	1.0	1.868	Fail
Shear (kN)	ULS 2	263.3	134.4	Pass
Deflection (mm)	SLS 2	30.8 (L/260)	66.3 (L/120.7)	Fail